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ORIGINAL  
DAY OF OCT 25 2021  
DOMINIC A. POCIOUS  
Clerk of Superior Court  
T. POCIOUS

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OCT 25 2021

YAVAPAI COUNTY ATTORNEY

8  
9 **IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA**  
10 **IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF YAVAPAI**

11 THE STATE OF ARIZONA )

12 PLAINTIFF, )

13 VS )

14 Michael Willis Chase )

15 ACCUSED. )  
16 )  
17 )  
18 )

CASE NO. V1300CR201980661

**Demand For Answers To Administrative  
and Procedural Matters Questions.**

19 October 25, 2021  
20  
21

22 ¶1. COMES NOW the Accused, appearing specially and not generally herein, for the  
23 specific purpose of giving Notice to the Court and the State that neither the agent of  
24 the king, nor the Prosecutor, have adequately conferred jurisdiction in this Court over  
25 either the Accused, the subject matter, or the ability of the Court to affect a remedy.  
26 The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, is making a special appearance for myself, with  
27 assistance counsel of choice unlicensed; I am NOT making a general appearance as a  
28

1  
2 “defendant”, for the record. I am the “Accused”, who has never granted jurisdiction.  
3 I am challenging jurisdiction.

4 ¶2. The Accused at all times demands all inalienable perfect rights guaranteed under  
5 the Law of Nations, the Declaration of Independence, the Articles of Confederation,  
6 the Constitution of the United States, and the Common Law, he expressly denies any  
7 jurisdictions to include Roman Mercantile, executive chancery, and only recognizes  
8 that jurisdiction under the Common Law by this free and independent inhabitant, who  
9 is a flesh and blood man.  
10

11 **The Accused Is A Free and Independent Man!**

12 ¶3. Notice is hereby given that Michael Willis Chase is a free, and independent  
13 inhabitant of the free and independent state, Arizona, which is a free and independent  
14 Country under the Declaration of Independence—July 4, 1776; as well as, the Articles  
15 of Confederation—November 15, 1777 under Common Law. Michael Willis Chase  
16 is a male from the Chase Family in America. Born in Red Bluff, California, United  
17 States of America June 29, 1971 to Arthur Willis Chase, father, and Carol Lynn  
18 Chase (Lopez), mother.

19 ¶4. The Common Law provides the basic tenets for the Accused. What the Accused  
20 does, lives, and teaches, are the 759 statutes, commandments and judgments given to  
21 Moses by The Almighty One at Mt. Sinai, and there relationship to the Roman civil  
22 law in 2021 and how to practice that common law in my life.  
23

24 **The Accused’s First And Foremost**  
25 **Duty Is To The Almighty One’s Common Law.**

26 ¶5. The Accused is **NOT** an anarchist who breaks law. The truth is the Accused  
27 conducts his life by putting himself in the envelope of laws and rules. The Accused’s  
28

1 intent is to research the law, learn how it is applied, and making sure the Accused is in  
2 that envelope. The Accused lives under, teaches obedience to rules and regulations.  
3 *The Accused is different from mainstream America in that The Almighty One's laws*  
4 *are the Accused's first / foremost **DUTY** to obey and live under.*

5  
6 ***Administrative and Procedural Matters.***  
7 ***“Judge Not, That You Be Not Judged”!***

8 ¶6. **The Accused:** Before we get into the merits of the Sentencing Hearing, it is  
9 ***necessary / imperative*** to set the record with Administrative and Procedural Matters  
10 prior to a trial. The Accused is demanding timely, in this criminal case,  
11 Administrative and Procedural Matters.

12 **For The Record.**

13 ¶7. The Accused must have answers on the record in my Administrative and  
14 Procedural Matters prior to moving forward to the Sentencing Hearing. They are as  
15 follows:

16 ***First,***

17  
18 Administrative and Procedural Matter, before the Accused moves forward with the  
19 ADMINISTRATIVE & PROCEDURAL MATTERS I ***DEMAND*** my lead  
20 **COUNSEL OF MY CHOICE, Steven Lee McMillan, to come forward to**  
21 **assist me.**

22 ***Second,***

23 Administrative and Procedural Matter, **The Accused's Status.**

24  
25 ***Third,***

26 Administrative and Procedural Matter, the style of court ***must*** be determined. The  
27  
28

1 de jure “State of Arizona”, in upper and lower case letters, the de jure has been  
2 overthrown by the de facto “STATE OF ARIZONA™” in all upper case letters.

3  
4 **Fourth,**

5 Administrative and Procedural Matter, **Agent of Foreign Principals.**

6  
7 **Fifth,**

8 Administrative and Procedural Matter, **Foreign Principal & Foreign Agents**  
9 **Registration.**

10 **Sixth,**

11 Administrative and Procedural Matter, **John Napper, and Prosecutor Glen M.**  
12 **Asay, and Public Defenders Ruth Szanto and Nathan Best are Overthrowing,**  
13 **Through Force & Violence, The American People!**

14 **Seventh,**

15 Administrative and Procedural Matter, the **PROSECUTORS, Glen M. Asay’s**  
16 qualifications **MUST** be determined.

17  
18 **Eighth,**

19 Administrative and Procedural Matter, the Accused **MUST** know **WHO THE**  
20 **PARTY OF INTEREST IS IN THIS ACTION.**

21 **Ninth,**

22 Administrative and Procedural Matter, the Accused **MUST** know whether the  
23 **JURISDICTION OF THE COURT** is improperly set.

24 **Tenth,**

25 Administrative and Procedural Matter, the Accused **MUST PROTEST** the **Venue**  
26 **Jurisdiction of the Court** to prevent GRANTING JURISDICTION to a court that  
27  
28

1 is FOREIGN AND INFERIOR IN ITS PROCESS.

2 **Eleventh,**

3 Administrative and Procedural Matter, for the record, the Accused **MUST**  
4 **PROTEST** the **JURISDICTION OF THE JUDGE**. Is the Sentencing **Judge**  
5 **John Napper** a Commissioner in a private foreign court? Is **Judge John Napper**  
6 an “Attorney” or “Esquire” in a PRIVATE FOREIGN COURT™?

7  
8 **Twelfth,**

9 Administrative and Procedural Matter, the Court **MUST** **AFFECT A REMEDY**  
10 in **LAWFUL MONEY**.

11  
12 **WITH THIS ON THE RECORD**  
13 **THE ACCUSED WILL MOVE FORWARD WITH**  
14 **ADMINISTRATIVE & PROCEDURAL MATTERS.**

15 **First,** Administrative and Procedural Matter,  
16 **The Accused Demands COUNSELORS of MY CHOICE.**

17 ¶8. Michael Willis Chase, a flesh and blood human, who is not dead, who is not a  
18 **decedent**, the Accused **MUST** have the perfect inalienable right of COUNSEL of MY  
19 CHOICE to sit with me, guaranteed by the Constitution FOR the “United States of  
20 America”. Admit or deny, for the record, Attorney **John Napper** and Attorney **Glen**  
21 **M. Asay** that the Accused must have the inalienable perfect right to assistance of  
22 Counsel of his Choice team licensed or unlicensed; Steven Lee McMillan, John  
23 McDaniel II, Carolin Isabelle Hauser, David Malcolm Becket, Keith Gordon Davis,  
24 Philip James Clayton and I’iv I’iv. Michael Willis Chase, a flesh and blood human,  
25 who is not dead, who is not a **decedent**, the Accused **MUST NOT** be represented by  
26 LICENSED COUNSEL. ***I have fired PUBLIC DEFENDER Nathan Best.*** I’m **NOT**  
27 going to be represented by a LICENSED “Attorney”, **NOR** an “Esquire” in violation  
28

1 of the missing original true Thirteenth Amendment regarding “Title of Nobilities”.  
2 Admit or deny, for the record, Attorney John Napper and Attorney Glen M. Asay that  
3 Michael Willis Chase, a flesh and blood human, who is not dead, who is not a  
4 decedent, the Accused has the perfect inalienable right to Counselors of his choice.  
5 Further, Admit or deny, for the record, Attorney John Napper and Attorney Glen M.  
6 Asay that you hold “Titles of Nobilities”.

7  
8  
9 **Let The Record Show,**

10 ¶9. Michael Willis Chase, a flesh and blood human, who is not dead, who is not a  
11 decedent, is counsel for the Accused. I’m representing myself, and I’m representing  
12 myself IN MY OWN NAME, Michael Willis Chase, in upper and lower case, NOT  
13 MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™, a legal fiction in all caps a decedent.

14 ¶10. Let the record show that the issue of COUNSEL OF CHOICE is so important  
15 that the Supreme Court of the United States in *Brotherhood of Railroad and*  
16 *Locomotive Engineers verses West Virginia* has decided that an accused MUST have  
17 counsel, and MUST have effective counsel *even if it is his Best Friend(s)*. Let the  
18 record show that the Accused will continually demand ADMINISTRATIVE AND  
19 PROCEDURAL MATTERS, with assistance by his Counselors of Choice at the  
20 Sentencing Hearing. *I must not be denied* my Counsel of Choice to **ASSIST ME IN**  
21 **PROTESTING ADMINISTRATIVE AND PROCEDURAL MATTERS. This is**  
22 *my demand for my unalienable perfect right before entering the Sentencing*  
23 *Hearing.* Admit or deny, for the record, that Attorney John Napper, recognized my  
24 unalienable perfect right of the Accused Counselors of my Choice to assist me in this  
25 trial court in todays Sentencing Hearing. Is denial of counsel the position of Judge  
26 John Napper, for the record?

27 ¶11. Judge John Napper at the Sentencing Hearing must not deny Counsel of Choice  
28

1 the Accused today. The Accused is **NOT** prepared to move forward with the  
2 SENTENCING HEARING unless, or until I have a JUDICIAL DETERMINATION  
3 ON THE RECORD, by **Attorney Judge John Napper**, that he is in fact an Agent of  
4 Foreign Principals, Organizations, Corporations and Associations, styled “STATE OF  
5 ARIZONA™”, which is de facto, while pretending to act as  
6 Attorney/Representative/Judge of “We The People” of the de jure Arizona Republic  
7 styled “State of Arizona”, and that Judge John Napper is absolutely DENYING my  
8 COUNSELORS OF CHOICE, pursuant to these Administrative and Procedural  
9 Matters.

10 ¶12. Accused **MUST** set the record, I demand **Judge John Napper’s** ADMISSION  
11 and CONFESSION regarding my COUNSEL OF CHOICE. With assistance of my  
12 Counsel of Choice team, I will bring up the other subjects pursuant to  
13 ADMINISTRATIVE and PROCEDURAL MATTERS, but before I do, I **MUST**  
14 make plain my **Status**.

15 **First, Administrative and Procedural Matter,**  
16 **I DEMAND COUNSEL OF MY CHOICE.**

17 ¶13. **Before** the Accused moves forward with the rest of my ADMINISTRATIVE &  
18 PROCEDURAL MATTERS before Sentencing Hearing, the Accused **DEMANDS**  
19 my lead **COUNSEL OF MY CHOICE Steven Lee McMillan** to come and sit with  
20 me. As well as counselors **John McDaniel II, Carolin Isabelle Hauser, David**  
21 **Malcolm Becket, Keith Gordon Davis, Philip James Clayton, and P’iv P’iv**. The  
22 Accused demands a ruling by John Napper, of this trial court, for the record prior to  
23 moving forward with the Sentencing Hearing.

24 **Second, Administrative and Procedural Matter,**  
25 **The Accused Status.**

26 ¶14. The Accused’s flesh and blood name is Michael Willis Chase, in upper and  
27  
28

1 lower case, which is my given name. I am alive and well. The prosecutor's  
2 "allegations of my death have been greatly exaggerated."

3 ¶15. The Accused is the flesh and blood Michael Willis Chase, in upper and lower  
4 case, who is alive. I am not a decendent, which is the estate and trust name listed on  
5 the Plaintiff's documents as MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™, in all capital letters, who  
6 was a victim of a homicide inflicted by instruments of cruelty belonging to the de  
7 facto "STATE OF ARIZONA™" a legal fiction, which has killed the de jure State of  
8 Arizona, which killed all the de jure State of Arizona flesh and blood human beings  
9 called State Citizens.

10 ¶16. A decendent is the trust name listed on the Plaintiff's documents as MICHAEL  
11 WILLIS CHASE™, in all capital letters, considered a legal person who has died, who  
12 has one right remaining, "*the right to remain silent,*" sometimes referred to as the  
13 "deceased." The term is used, in CASE NO. V1300CR201980661, in the handling  
14 the decedent's estate, which are proceedings after death, or in reference to the victim  
15 of a homicide.

16 ¶17. This cause of action must be brought on behalf of MICHAEL WILLIS  
17 CHASE™, in all capital letters, the decendent by a representative, which is the  
18 "STATE OF ARIZONA™" also a decendent legal fiction. Some states have statutes  
19 governing the statute of limitations on such actions. The following is an example of a  
20 state statute governing the statute of limitations of a decedent's cause of action:

21  
22 *" Upon the death of a person in whose favor there is a cause of action, which*  
23 *has not been barred as of the date of his death, the limitation of the action*  
24 *ceases to run until a personal representative is appointed or until twelve*  
25 *months after the death, whichever first occurs, but shall not bar such action*  
*sooner than four months after death even if a personal representative is*  
*appointed earlier."*

26  
27 ¶18. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, in upper and lower case, has not accepted  
28



1 liability for the named decedent, MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™, as surety.

2 ¶19. Michael Willis Chase, in upper and lower case, am not a beneficial interest  
3 holder in the estate named, MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™, in all upper case letters,  
4 as named in this case. This fact stands as evidence of a wrong party claim, by other  
5 beneficial interest holders in the estate named, MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™, in all  
6 upper case letters.

7 ¶20. Judge John Napper and the Prosecutor Glen M. Asay are in fact the trustees  
8 and liable sureties for settling and closing this account, CASE NO.  
9 V1300CR201980661, upon Michael Willis Chase, in upper and lower case,  
10 acceptance, which this Accused rebut any and all presumptions that Michael Willis  
11 Chase is a Trustee/Defendant/Beneficiary as named MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™,  
12 in all upper case letters.

13 ¶21. The supposed victim, the damaged parties, in CASE NO. V1300CR201980661,  
14 are not real, flesh and blood “humans”, spelled in all upper and lower case letters,  
15 who have provided a **Verified Claim of Injuries** demonstrating damages,  
16 demonstrating blood and bruises on their bodies.

17 ¶22. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, spelled in upper and lower case, has never  
18 maliciously, intentionally, knowingly and recklessly intended to cause harm or  
19 damage against the alleged victims in this case. Intent is only one element of a crime.

20 ¶23. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, spelled in upper and lower case, does not  
21 have a reportable tax liability for the Alternate Valuation on a Carryover Basis in  
22 CASE NO. V1300CR201980661.

23 ¶24. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, spelled in upper and lower case, alleges  
24 that **Judge John Napper** and the **Prosecutor Glen M. Asay (as well as other**  
25 **prosecutors, clerks and other related employees)** have a reportable tax liability for  
26 the Alternative Valuation on their Carryover Basis in CASE NO.  
27 V1300CR201980661, which requires all of them to submit their bond and/or  
28

1 insurance information for the record. They all must disclose their indemnity  
2 insurance carrier information to this Accused if I am denied Counsel of Choice. Said  
3 bonds provided must be backed by lawful money, which is money of account  
4 according to the 1792 Coinage Act gold and silver coins, according to Article I  
5 Section 10 of the United States Constitution.

6 ¶25. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, spelled in upper and lower case, demands  
7 certified copies of the oath of office, bonds, and insurance policy claims information  
8 from **Judge John Napper** and the **Prosecutor Glen M. Asay (as well as other**  
9 **prosecutors, clerks and other related employees)** in CASE NO.  
10 V1300CR201980661.

11 ¶26. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, spelled in upper and lower case, demands  
12 written guarantees that **Judge John Napper** and the **Prosecutor Glen M. Asay (as**  
13 **well as other prosecutors, clerks and other related employees)** involved in CASE  
14 NO. V1300CR201980661 guarantee to uphold and defend the Accused all perfect  
15 inalienable rights according to the Law of Nations, the Declaration of Independence,  
16 the Article of Confederation as well as those guaranteed by the de jure Constitutions  
17 both State and Federal in writing by all parties.

18 ¶27. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, spelled in upper and lower case, demands  
19 admissible evidence and name of all witnesses who will testify under oath that they  
20 are flesh and blood human victims, who have suffered any physical, mental,  
21 emotional, or financial damage or harm at the hands of the Accused, Michael Willis  
22 Chase, spelled in upper and lower case.

23 ¶28. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, spelled in upper and lower case, demands  
24 admissible evidence under oath by any licensed physicians report with a  
25 comprehensive diagnosis and prognosis. If any flesh and blood human victims, have  
26 suffered any financial damage or harm, they must provide a full accounting by a  
27 certified public accountant of all business or personal profit/loss receipts for the year  
28

1 of 2019 up to this day.

2 ¶29. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, spelled in upper and lower case, demands  
3 admissible evidence and name of all witnesses who have/will testify under oath that  
4 the Accused was involved in crimes pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes as stated  
5 above in my Formal Objection above. Said witnesses must prove the Accused  
6 “knowingly” committed crimes. If not, the ***Plaintiff*** is in want of jurisdiction as NO  
7 crime was committed, because the ***Plaintiff***, the “STATE OF ARIZONA™”, in all  
8 *upper case*, is a fictitious corporate entity.

9 ¶30. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, spelled in upper and lower case, demands  
10 the names and addresses of all witnesses, victims and all those germane to this case  
11 pursuant to Arizona Revised Statutes Rules and documents of Criminal Procedure,  
12 Rule 15. Disclosure, Rule 15.1 The States Disclosures (c) and (b)(5).

13 ¶31. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase, spelled in upper and lower case, demands  
14 proof of authority showing where any parties making a claim on the estate of  
15 MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™, in all upper case letters, as named in this case.  
16 Provide proof of authority to administer the estate of MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™,  
17 in all upper case letters, as named in this case. The Accused, Michael Willis Chase,  
18 spelled in upper and lower case, demands proof of permission by the beneficiary of  
19 the estate of MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™, in all upper case letters, as named in this  
20 case, to administer the said estate.

21 ¶32. Accused is ***NOT*** a citizen, or resident, of the DE FACTO “UNITED STATES  
22 OF AMERICA™”; ***NOR*** a 14<sup>th</sup> amendment citizen, “citizen of the United States”,  
23 ***NOR*** resident of the DE FACTO “STATE OF ARIZONA™”:  
24

25 **The Accused Is A Free and Independent Man!**

26 ¶33. Michael Willis Chase is a free and independent inhabitant of the free and  
27  
28

1 independent state, Arizona, which is a free and independent Country under the  
2 Declaration of Independence—July 4, 1776; as well as, the Articles of Confederation  
3 —November 15, 1777 under Common Law.

4 ¶34. The Accused is a magnificent Spirit Being, a powerful Creator practicing the  
5 Law of Oneness belonging to the Kingdom of The Creator, and a free, independent  
6 inhabitant under the Articles of Confederation, and the Declaration of Independence,  
7 which are under the Creator’s common law.

8 ¶35. There are issues of Federal law under the organic Constitution for the united  
9 States of America de jure, and federal statutes as they relate to due process in the  
10 America today.

11 ***Third, Administrative and Procedural Matter,***  
12 **The Style of Court Must Be Determined.**

13 ¶36. Before the Accused moves forward in the Sentencing Hearing, Michael Willis  
14 Chase, alleges that John Napper is not a judge having jurisdiction and conducting  
15 prosecutions in the name of the de jure state, and by its authority under the style of  
16 process of “The State of Arizona” de jure. John Napper is conducting prosecutions  
17 under the style of process “THE STATE OF ARIZONA™”, in all upper case letters,  
18 which is a decendent, which is the estate and trust name listed on Plaintiff’s  
19 documents, in all capital letters. Admit or deny, John Napper, which jurisdiction this  
20 case is under for the record.

21 ¶37. It is the Accused position that the de jure “State of Arizona” was a victim of  
22 overthrow/subjugation inflicted by Attorneys, including John Napper, as well as, the  
23 prosecution and public defenders in this case. The Accused alleges that the “State of  
24 Arizona” is assumed to be a decendent, which died as a matter of law. The Accused  
25 alleges that the deceased de jure “State of Arizona”, in upper and lower case, is now  
26 overthrown by Attorneys, in this case, by the lead private prosecutor Glen M. Asay,  
27  
28

1 an Attorney. Admit or deny, John Napper and Glen M. Asay, which jurisdiction this  
2 case is under for the record.

3 ¶38. The Accused alleges the de jure “State of Arizona”, in upper and lower case, has  
4 been killed/overthrown/subjugated due to the acts and failure to act by Attorneys.  
5 These have killed due process of law and equal protection under the de jure  
6 constitutional law, both state and federal, in violation of the law of the land of “We  
7 The People”. Admit or deny, John Napper and Glen M. Asay, that as Attorneys you  
8 have killed/overthrown/subjugated the de jure “State of Arizona” jurisdiction in this  
9 case for the record.

10 ¶39. Admit or deny, John Napper and Glen M. Asay that Attorneys have wrecked due  
11 process and equal protection, including, yet not limited to, the right to unlicensed  
12 counsel of choice. Admit or deny, John Napper and Glen M. Asay, that Attorneys are  
13 using reckless practices of a supposed legal (government). They are assisting and  
14 attempting to get “We The People” to commit legal suicide in the Attorneys’ private  
15 military courts.

16 ¶40. Admit or deny, John Napper and Glen M. Asay that overthrowing the de jure  
17 “State of Arizona”, in upper and lower case, are justified? Is killing the de jure “State  
18 of Arizona”, in upper and lower case, necessary or the duty of John Napper or Glen  
19 M. Asay in this case, for the record?

20 ¶41. Admit or deny, John Napper and Glen M. Asay that police complaints are  
21 accepted without being sworn. They are routine practice for the record. Admit or  
22 deny that the police use excessive force, false arrest, false imprisonment etc., and are  
23 not authorized by law, for the record. Admit or deny that when police acts are not  
24 accidents, or acts of insanity, where are they ordinarily allowed? Where their acts are  
25 done in “cold-blood”, or by “lying in wait” are allowed? Michael Willis Chase, a  
26 flesh and blood human, who almost died from police brutality, has not been  
27 considered by John Napper and Glen M. Asay, admit or deny, such for the record.  
28

¶42 Did the police *pre-mediate* their acts? Did they act without *pre-mediation* in a “sudden passion” in the “heat of passion” as the result of over zealous police training in a “mixed war” against the enemy “We The People”? Admit or deny for the record John Napper and Glen M. Asay that police negligence, which was careless reckless indifference to the health, safety and welfare of Michael Willis Chase, a flesh and blood human, was damaged from their brutality, must be a major premise in this case.

¶43. Admit or deny for the record John Napper and Glen M. Asay that according to the complaint, Michael Willis Chase, a flesh and blood human, is dead. Admit or deny for the record John Napper and Glen M. Asay that the de facto “STATE OF ARIZONA™”, a *decedent* of the de jure “State of Arizona,” as the plaintiff, is charging MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™, a *decedent* of committing crimes, which is a legal impossibility. How can a dead person commit a crime?

¶44. Admit or deny for the record John Napper and Glen M. Asay that the estate and trust name listed on the Plaintiff’s documents’ as the “STATE OF ARIZONA™” is a foreign and alien jurisdiction of the private Attorney prosecutor Glen M. Asay, who is an agent of his foreign principals.

¶45. Admit or deny for the record John Napper and Glen M. Asay that the style of process in this case must be according to quote: “The Constitution of the State of Arizona Article VI. Judicial Department §25. Style of process; conduct of prosecutions in name of state. Section 25. The style of process shall be "The State of Arizona", and prosecutions shall be conducted in the name of the state and by its authority.” Unquote.

¶46. Admit or deny for the record John Napper and Glen M. Asay that because the Accused is flesh and blood, Michael Willis Chase, in upper and lower case, is alive, I am not a *decedent*, which is the estate and trust name listed on the Plaintiff’s documents as MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™, in all capital letters. Who was a victim of police brutality, among other things, inflicted by instruments of cruelty authorized

1 by the de facto "STATE OF ARIZONA™" a legal fiction, which has  
2 killed/overthrown the de jure "State of Arizona", and has subjugated/overthrown, as a  
3 matter of law, all de jure "State of Arizona" flesh and blood humans being with  
4 inalienable perfect rights to due process and equal protection under the law.  
5 Including, this Accused's perfect inalienable right to "Counsel of Choice".

6  
7 ***Fourth, Administrative and Procedural Matter,***  
8 ***Agent of Foreign Principals.***

9 ¶47. Michael Willis Chase, a flesh and blood human, who is not dead, who is not a  
10 decedent, alleges that it cannot; therefore, it also cannot be doubted that Attorney  
11 John Napper and Attorney Glen M. Asay are in fact Agents of Foreign Principals,  
12 Organizations, Corporations and Associations, styled "STATE OF ARIZONA™",  
13 which is de facto, while pretending to act as Attorney/Representative/Judge of We  
14 The People of the de jure Arizona Republic styled "State of Arizona", as well as, the  
15 de jure Republic for the United States of America. Admit or deny, for the record,  
16 Attorney John Napper and Attorney Glen M. Asay that you are Agents of Foreign  
17 Principals, Organizations, Corporations and Associations, styled "STATE OF  
18 ARIZONA™."

19 ***Fifth, Administrative and Procedural Matter,***  
20 ***Foreign Principal & Foreign Agents Registration.***

21 ¶48. Michael Willis Chase, a flesh and blood human, who is not dead, who is not a  
22 decedent, alleges that Attorney John Napper and Attorney Glen M. Asay all being  
23 Attorney/Representatives have not filed "Foreign Agents Registration Statement" &  
24 Supplements thereto. Cognizance will be taken of the Law that an  
25 Attorney/Representative is required to file a "Foreign Agents Registration Statement"  
26 and supplements thereto, when acting for or in interest of a Foreign Principal,  
27 pursuant to **United States Code. Title 22, Foreign Relations and Intercourse,**  
28

1     §§611(c)(1)(iv) & 612, and are not exempt under the provisions of **United States**  
2     **Code. Title 22, Foreign Relations and Intercourse, §613.** (See: *Rabinwitz verses*  
3     *Kennedy*, 376 U.S. 605, 11 L.Ed.2d 940). Admit or deny, for the record, Attorney  
4     John Napper and Attorney Glen M. Asay that you are Agents of Foreign Principals,  
5     Organizations, Corporations and Associations, styled “STATE OF ARIZONA™.”

6  
7             ***Sixth, Administrative and Procedural Matter,***  
8             **John Napper and Glen M. Asay is Overthrowing**  
9             **Through Force & Violence The American People!**

10             **Social Security – Federal Employee.**

11     ¶49. Michael Willis Chase, a flesh and blood human, who is not dead, who is not a  
12     *decedent*, alleges that Attorney John Napper and Attorney Glen M. Asay all being  
13     Attorney/Representative are not representing the “United States of America” nor the  
14     “State of Arizona” de jure. There is no state, nor county officials. All public offices  
15     have been sold and must be *terminated*. Attorney John Napper and Attorney Glen M.  
16     Asay have sold themselves out to the Internationals. Their pretended offices are  
17     *terminated*. “The Communist Party of the United States, or any successors of such  
18     party regardless of the assumed name, whose object or purpose is to *overthrow* of the  
19     Government of the United States, or the government of any State, Territory, District,  
20     or possession thereof, or the government of any political subdivision therein by force  
21     and violence, are not entitled to any of the rights, privileges, and immunities attendant  
22     upon legal bodies created under the jurisdiction of the ***Public Law and Public***  
23     ***Procedures, contained in the Amendments to the Federal Constitution, of the Land***  
24     ***and Forum of the United States***, or any political subdivision thereof. Whatever  
25     rights, privileges, and immunities which have heretofore been granted to said party or  
26     any subsidiary organization by reason of the public laws or public procedures of the  
27     United States or any political subdivision thereof, are *terminated*.”



(See: **United States Code. Title 50—War and National Defense. §842. Proscription of Communist Party, its successors, and subsidiary organizations**).

***Seventh, Administrative and Procedural Matter,***  
**Qualification of the Prosecutor**  
**Glen M. Asay.**

¶50. In order for the Governor to have power to prosecute those who fail to comply with the laws passed by the legislature, a PUBLIC PROSECUTOR ***MUST*** be under the GOVERNOR’S SUPERVISION; therefore, PUBLIC PROSECUTORS ***MUST*** have ***SIGNED INSTRUMENTS*** granting POWER OF APPOINTMENT by the Governor Doug Ducey.

¶51. The Governor ***MUST*** have the POWER TO REMOVE PUBLIC PROSECUTORS from PUBLIC OFFICE if they fail to do his bidding. Arizona State Governor Doug Ducey ***CANNOT*** do so unless the Governor fills and appoints all PUBLIC OFFICERS, including PUBLIC PROSECUTORS, with accompanying signed “paperwork” for any appointments by Doug Ducey.

***Eighth, Administrative and Procedural Matter,***  
**The Accused Must Know Who The Party of Interest**  
**Is In This Action.**

**FOR THE RECORD**  
**Glen M. Asay, Deputy County Attorney.**  
**WHO IS YOUR PRINCIPAL?**

¶52. Does **Glen M. Asay** hold a PUBLIC OFFICE as an EXECUTIVE PUBLIC PROSECUTOR™ by appointment by the Governor? Produce “on the record” proof of your appointment by Doug Ducey the Governor.

¶53. Is **Glen M. Asay** a PROSECUTING ATTORNEY™, or a COUNTY ATTORNEY™, and PRIVATE OFFICIAL of a private corporation, or a COUNTY

CORPORATION™, or both, acting on behalf of those corporations? Produce “on the record” proof of your appointment by Doug Ducey the Governor, or you are out of office?

¶54. Is **Glen M. Asay** a PUBLIC OFFICER of the de jure republican “State of Arizona” in upper and lower case? Produce “on the record” proofs of your appointment by Doug Ducey the Governor.

¶55. Does **Glen M. Asay** have authorization to appear in court to represent the de jure republican “State of Arizona”, in upper and lower case, in the capacity of PROSECUTOR of PUBLIC OFFENSES in criminal forms? Produce “on the record” proofs of your appointment by Doug Ducey the Governor. Produce in evidence the SIGNED INSTRUMENT granting the POWER OF APPOINTMENT from the EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF “GOVERNMENT”, Governor Doug Ducey.

¶56. Is **Glen M. Asay** a member of the COUNTY CORPORATION™ and NOT a member of the EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF “GOVERNMENT”? In regard the office of **Glen M. Asay** supposedly holds, is it a PUBLIC OFFICE or a PRIVATE OFFICE?

¶57. What STANDING in this PRIVATE COURT™ does **Glen M. Asay** have to ACCUSE this free and independent inhabitant of the free and independent state “Arizona” under the Articles of Confederation, which is under the common law, in this criminal case?

¶58. Does **Glen M. Asay**, have VERIFIED COMPLAINTS from the alleged damaged party’s law enforcement officers, CHASE BANK, or any other alleged damaged flesh and blood man or women. Who is testifying against me in this case?

¶59. *Who is the **DAMAGED** party or parties?*

¶60. Is **Glen M. Asay**, charging me with PUBLIC OFFENSES?

¶61. Are the People the INTERESTED PARTY? Are the People represented by an EXECUTIVE PUBLIC PROSECUTOR who will execute the laws faithfully?

¶62. Where in Arizona statute is there a provision giving capacity to the County to act

1 in the behalf of the de jure republican “State of Arizona”, in upper and lower case, in  
2 CRIMINAL CASES by **Glen M. Asay**? For the record, **Glen M. Asay**, produce the  
3 law.

4 **For the Record, Glen M. Asay,**  
5 **Who Is Your PRINCIPAL?**

6 ¶63. Who directs, controls, finances, and subsidizes **Glen M. Asay’s** operation?

7 **FOR THE RECORD,**  
8 **THE ACCUSED MOVES THE COURT;**

9 ¶64. The ACCUSED moves the Court to not allow any person to represent the  
10 “People of the State of Arizona”, in upper and lower case, other than a DULY  
11 APPOINTED MEMBER of the EXECUTIVE BRANCH of GOVERNMENT.

12 ¶65. The COURT **SHALL NOT** allow THE PROCEEDING TO MOVE FORWARD  
13 with an AGENT of the JUDICIARY/CITY/COUNTY who is **FALSELY**  
14 **REPRESENTING** the de jure republican “State of Arizona”, in upper and lower case,  
15 in this CRIMINAL Action against this free and independent inhabitant.

16 **FOR THE RECORD.**

17  
18 ¶66. It’s the Accused’s position that **Glen M. Asay, Deputy Yavapai County**  
19 **Attorney**, has **NO** POWER OF APPOINTMENT, **NO** SIGNED INSTRUMENT by  
20 Governor Doug Ducey of the EXECUTIVE BRANCH. *The Accused alleges that,*  
21 *we have a FELON in the Trial Court room.* That in fact and law **Glen M. Asay, the**  
22 **DEPUTY YAVAPAI COUNTY ATTORNEY™**, holds a PRIVATE OFFICE. That  
23 **he** is amenable to suit that the Accused can use this fact for SUIT. For the record,  
24 **Glen M. Asay**, are you an “Attorney” or “Esquire”? For the record, **Glen M. Asay**,  
25 are you a member of the “**State Bar of Arizona**; a Corporation”? For the record,  
26 **Glen M. Asay**, are you a member of the “**The American Bar Association**; a  
27 Corporation”? For the record, **Glen M. Asay**, are you a member of the “**The**  
28

1 **International Bar Association; a Corporation”?**

2  
3 **The 6th Amendment.**

4 ¶67. The 6th Amendment of the federal constitution guarantees the Accused the  
5 AUTHORITY to **DEMAND** the Court the **NATURE** OF THE STATUTE, and the  
6 Court has the **DUTY** (upon the Accused’s demand) to tell me the **NATURE OF**  
7 **WHAT LAW THIS IS.**

8 ¶68. So, **Judge John Napper**, what is the NATURE and CAUSE of the  
9 ACCUSATION?

10 ¶69. The Accused understands the “LETTER OF THE STATUTE”, but I **MUST** be  
11 INFORMED with the “NATURE OF THE STATUTE”.

12  
13 **FOR THE RECORD: LET THE RECORD SHOW**

14 ¶70. The Accused **DEMANDS** to have disclosed the NATURE OF THE STATUTE!  
15 This Court **MUST** INFORM me of the NATURE and CAUSE of the ACCUSATION.

16 ¶71. What is the NATURE and CAUSE of the ACCUSATION?

17 ¶72. The Accused reviewed the complaint. It said, “STATE OF ARIZONA™”  
18 INCORPORATED, in all caps, and I DO NOT see the Sovereign de jure republican  
19 “State of Arizona”, in upper and lower letters, represented here today, and I can’t  
20 defend the case unless I face my flesh and blood accuser. The “STATE OF  
21 ARIZONA™”, in all caps, is a legal fiction.

22 ¶73. For the record, **Judge John Napper**, reveal my ACCUSER’S status! If it’s the  
23 de facto CORPORATE “STATE OF ARIZONA™”, in all upper case, the LAW OF  
24 AGENCY requires the PRINCIPAL to face me today. Who and where is the  
25 PRINCIPAL of the de facto CORPORATE “STATE OF ARIZONA™”?

26  
27 **Who Is**

1 **COMING AFTER ME TODAY?**

2 ¶74. Is one of “We The People” of the de jure Sovereign Republican “State of  
3 Arizona”, in upper and lower case, coming after the Accused? Or, is it the  
4 CORPORATE “STATE OF ARIZONA™”, in all caps, coming after the Accused?  
5 For the record, what is it, **Judge John Napper**?

6 ¶75. The statutes are the STATUTES of the de facto CORPORATE “STATE OF  
7 ARIZONA™”, in all upper case, and not the sovereign, de jure republican “State of  
8 Arizona”, in upper and lower case. For the record, is that correct **Judge John**  
9 **Napper**? *If so, it applies to persons, and the Accused is NOT a Legal person in law.*  
10 The Accused is a free and independent inhabitant, a flesh and blood man, and NOT a  
11 PERSON™, which is a legal fiction.

12  
13 **Ninth, Administrative and Procedural Matter,**  
14 **The Accused Must Know Who The Party of Interest**  
15 **Is In This Action.**

16 **The Accused Alleges That The**  
17 **JURISDICTION OF THE COURT Is Improperly Set.**

18 ¶76. This Court is operating under the NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENT LAW, which  
19 has been codified into the Uniform Commercial Code. Is that a fact, **Judge John**  
20 **Napper** for the record?

21 **Is This Court Operating Under**  
22 **THE COMMON LAW?**

23 ¶77. Therefore, in order to have JURISDICTION over this free and independent  
24 inhabitant, under the common law, **THERE MUST BE SOMEONE DAMAGED**  
25 **BY THE ACCUSED.**

26 ¶78. There is NO DAMAGED PARTIES BY THE ACCUSED. WHO WILL  
27  
28

1 TESTIFY TO THAT FACT? No one has suffered a loss by the Accused! There is  
2 NO CORPUS DELICTI! Accusers **MUST BE flesh and blood men or women!**  
3 **For the record!!!** Who are the ones who have suffered a loss, who have a right of  
4 action and cause of action! Could it be the policemen, the law enforcement growth  
5 industry?

6 ¶79. THERE HAS NEVER BEEN A DAMAGED PARTY in this Case, or in this  
7 Court. Who is proceeding against the Accused under the COMMON LAW, with  
8 delegated authority by Doug Ducey, to prosecute? For the record, **Judge John**  
9 **Napper**, who is proceeding against me?

10 **For the Record,**  
11 **This Court is NOT Operating Under EQUITY?**

12 ¶80. For the record, **Judge John Napper**, this a criminal case? If that is your ruling,  
13 then this Court can't be operating in EQUITY because this is a CRIMINAL  
14 ACTION, and EQUITY IS A CIVIL JURISDICTION.

15 ¶81. For the record, **Judge John Napper**, is that correct that this Court is **NOT**  
16 OPERATING IN EQUITY?

17 **Is This Court Operating Under a**  
18 **FOREIGN ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION?**

19  
20 ¶82. To operate under Admiralty Jurisdiction, there **MUST** BE A VALID  
21 INTERNATIONAL MARITIME CONTRACT that has been breached, and the  
22 Accused WOULD HAVE TO BE A PARTY TO THE CONTRACT. I'm not aware  
23 of entering into a contract. AS A MATTER OF FACT, FOR THE RECORD, I  
24 HAVE RESCINDED ALL CONTRACTS FOR FRAUD, WHICH MADE THOSE  
25 TYPES OF CLAIMS. The Accused, just found out about fraud, I intend to **REVOKE**  
26 ALL POWER OF ATTORNEYS, STARTING WITH RESCISSIONS OF SOCIAL  
27 SECURITY AND DRIVERS LICENSE FOR FRAUD, WHICH VICIATES THE  
28

1 MOST SOLUMN PROMISE TO PAY.

2 ¶83. Judge John Napper, for the record, the Accused **DEMANDS** a copy of any  
3 contract that alleges I have entered into that creates any legal disability.

4 ¶84. For the record Judge John Napper is this Court a private court OPERATING  
5 UNDER A FOREIGN ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION? There is no admiralty  
6 jurisdiction in any de jure state courts. Operating in admiralty jurisdiction WOULD  
7 BE FRAUDULENT.

8 ¶85. The court is claiming an enormous power of right to bind the Accused by  
9 administrative law, outside the common law courts, and jury systems, in violation of  
10 the Constitution, which is abusive. Such it is for the purpose of raising revenue, by  
11 establishing a board of commissioners, with unconstitutional powers, by extending  
12 jurisdiction of courts of admiralty, for the trial of causes. This power to bind by  
13 statute in this case is **assumed** to be an all encompassing power, accommodating a  
14 central planning authority with which this Accused disagrees. The accused has  
15 demanded administrative and procedural matters that the court has failed to respond.

16  
17 **FOR THE RECORD:**

18 ¶86. These three (3) jurisdictions are the only ones for Article III Judicial Courts  
19 mentioned in the organic Constitution FOR the United States of America. For the  
20 record Judge John Napper, is this court operating in any one of them?

21 ¶87. For the Record, Judge John Napper, Is This Court Operating As A ...

22  
23 **LEGISLATIVE TRIBUNAL?**

24 ¶88. Is this court operating under ARTICLE I, of the CONSTITUTION? If so, this is  
25 **NOT** a Court of Law, it's a Legislative Tribunal, is that true, Judge John Napper?

26  
27 **Tenth, Administrative and Procedural Matter,**

1                                   **This VENUE JURISDICTION Is**  
2                                   **Inferior In It's Process, Judge John Napper.**  
3                                   **For The Record.**

4 ¶89. Admit or Deny that this is a Legislative Tribunal and NOT an Article 1 Court  
5 that the VENUE JURISDICTION is inferior in its process.

6                                   **FOR THE RECORD, Judge John Napper:**

7  
8 ¶90. Therefore, this Accused **PROTESTS** the **Venue Jurisdiction of the Court** to  
9 prevent GRANTING JURISDICTION to a court that is INFERIOR IN IT'S  
10 PROCESS.

11                                   **Eleventh, Administrative and Procedural Matter,**  
12                                   **Jurisdiction of the JUDGE.**

13                                   **FOR THE RECORD Judge John Napper,**

14 ¶91. Judge John Napper is this a criminal case? Is that correct, **Judge John Napper,**  
15 for the record?

16                                   **FOR THE RECORD YOUR HONOR,**

17 ¶92. For the record, **Judge John Napper** are you qualified to hear criminal cases  
18 according to a **PUBLIC OFFICE**? If so, by whose authority?

19                                   **Is Judge John Napper Qualified**  
20 **TO SIT IN CRIMINAL PROCEEDINGS?**

21 ¶93. For the record, in regard the office **Judge John Napper** holds, is the office a  
22 PUBLIC OFFICE or a PRIVATE OFFICE?

23  
24                                   **Twelfth, Administrative and Procedural Matter,**  
25                                   **Who is Your PRINCIPAL?**

26 ¶94. The Court **MUST AFFECT A REMEDY** in **LAWFUL MONEY**, which is  
27 Money of Account Gold and Silver Coin according to the 1792 Coinage Act now  
28



1 being minted pursuant to Act of Congress, coded **Title 31 U.S.C.A. Money and**  
2 **Finance §5112 Denominations, specifications, and design of coins**, and **Public**  
3 **Law 101-585**, which has a "numismatic value" plus seigniorage, the cost of minting.

4 ¶95. For the Record, who directs, controls, finances and subsidizes **Judge John**  
5 **Napper's** office? And in what SPECIE? Is **Judge John Napper** paid in "Money of  
6 Account", Gold and Silver Coin, now being minted pursuant to the 1792 Coinage Act,  
7 an Act of Congress, codified at United States Code Title 31 Money and Finance  
8 §5112, and Public Law 101-585, or are you discharging debts with \$\$\$\$\$\$, bills of  
9 credit" in violation of the Constitution? "No state shall coin money; lawful money  
10 under the **Constitution Article I, Section 10, Paragraph I**, is "GOLD AND  
11 SILVER." The Accused demands a certified copy of **Judge John Napper's** canceled  
12 checks, which are "bills of credit" for the records. For the record, **John Napper**, are  
13 you an "Attorney" or an "Esquire"? For the record, **John Napper**, are you a member  
14 of the "**State Bar of Arizona; a Corporation**"? For the record, **John Napper**, are you  
15 a member of the "**The American Bar Association; a Corporation**"? For the record,  
16 **John Napper**, are you a member of the "**The International Bar Association; a**  
17 **Corporation**"?

18 **Creating**  
19 **APPEALABLE Issues**  
20 **for REVERSIBLE ERROR OR SUIT.**

21 ¶96. The Accused is ENTERING FOR THE RECORD, that if at some point in the  
22 future I find that, pursuant to LAW AND FACT, that **John Napper** in fact holds a  
23 PRIVATE OFFICE, I will use that FOR SUIT FOR FRAUD.

24 **THE ACCUSED'S SUMMARY**

25 **The Jurisdiction Of The Court**  
26 **Is IMPROPERLY SET.**  
27  
28

¶97. The Accused alleges that; This COURT™ has NO JURISDICTION over this free and independent inhabitant; this flesh and blood man, with a FOREIGN LAW, who has stated plainly and stipulates on the record that the Accused has no NEXUS OF THE CONTRACT with the CORPORATE DE FACTO STATE OF ARIZONA™, in all caps, which are necessary in order for there to be summary process, DISTRESS TYPES OF WARRANT, SUMMONS, CITATION to be ISSUED, AND NON VERIFIED COMPLAINTS; therefore, the POLICE POWERS FAIL.

¶98. The Accused alleges this COURT™ has ASSUMED JURISDICTION because it's assumed that this Accused is a CORPORATE PERSON™, not a free and independent inhabitant a flesh and blood man, and who is NOT a LegalPerson in Law.

¶99. Michael Willis Chase, the Accused, **IS NOT** RESIDING IN THE FORUM of the de facto CORPORATE STATE OF ARIZONA™ BY CONSENT. Is there some invisible contract that this court is enforcing? **This Accused NATURAL MAN IS NOT AWARE OF ANY CONTRACT** requiring the Accused to be in INTERSTATE COMMERCE. **For the record, Judge John Napper, is this court enforcing some invisible contract?** Does this Court ASSUME, or does it KNOW whether or not, "ALL PERSONS INCLUDES EVERY free and independent inhabitant, flesh and blood man or woman at Liberty under the common law," including this Accused, who has **NEVER** GRANTED JURISDICTION?

¶100. Where does this COURT GET JURISDICTION, **Judge John Napper**, over this Accused, a free and independent inhabitant, a flesh and blood man under the common law?

¶101. These crimes and **misdemeanors** are pursuant to Arizona Codes. Are ALL PERSONS, INCLUDING ALL PERSONS in the de jure republican "State of Arizona", WITHOUT EXCEPTION, required to be in INTERSTATE COMMERCE?

**The Court MUST Make a  
JUDICIAL DETERMINATION**

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**¶103.** For the record, your Honor, **Judge John Napper**, is the Court ASSUMING or PRESUMING JURISDICTION?

¶104. The Accused **KNOWS** I am **NOT** in a COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION. The Accused **KNOWS** that this Court is a **EQUITY JURISDICTION**, which requires **VOLUNTARY COMPLIANCE** into a **REGULATED ENTERPRISE**. I have never given up Inalienable Perfect Rights including the RIGHT TO DEFEND LIFE, LIBERTY, OR PROPERTY that I'm aware of. Your Honor, is there some hidden contract that I'm not aware of?

**¶105.** No state shall coin money; lawful money under the **Constitution Article I, Section 10, Paragraph I**, is “GOLD AND SILVER” according to the 1792 Coinage Act weight and measures specifications.

**¶107. Title 12 USC Banks and Banking, Section 411** “No state shall make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts...” Any “Bills of Credit” notes, which are obligations of the United States...they shall be redeemed in

1      LAWFUL MONEY on demand at the Treasury Department of the United States.  
2      Federal Reserve notes are IMF obligation NOT redeemable in Money of Account  
3      according to the 1792 Coinage Act's specification of gold and silver coins.

4  
5                   **Federal Reserve Note dollars \$\$\$\$\$\$**  
6                   **Are Not LEGAL MONEY OF ACCOUNT.**

7      ¶108.   The case *JEROME DALY verses FIRST NATIONAL BANK of*  
8      *MONTGOMERY, Minnesota* ruled "that Federal reserve notes are NOT LEGAL  
9      MONEY."

10                   **Federal Reserve Notes dollars \$\$\$\$\$\$**  
11                   **Are LEGAL TENDER. They Are NOT Money of Account!**

12      ¶109.   The case *JUSTICE MARTIN verses MAHONEY, CREDIT RIVER*  
13      *TOWNSHIP, December 7-9, 1968* ruled, that Federal Reserve notes were *fiat money*  
14      and NOT LEGAL TENDER redeemable in money of account.

15                   **For the Record,**  
16                   **What About Fines The Court Demands?**

17                   **Question #1:**  
18                   **PARITY**

19      ¶110.   Your Honor, are court fines DISCHARGED in PAPER \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$, bills  
20      of credit"? Or are they paid by GOLD AND SILVER DOLLARS, which are money  
21      of account according to the Constitutional law? Your paperwork uses \$\$\$\$\$\$ with  
22      no mention of the word "dollar" or "dollars" money of account.

23  
24                   **#1 - If the Courts Answers:**  
25                   **PAPER DOLLARS**

26      ¶111.   Then the COURT might say: By check or \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$, Federal Reserve  
27      notes \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$, which are "Bills of Credit" of the IMF.

¶112. The Accused: For the record, **Judge John Napper**, the court is dealing in U.C.C., isn't that correct your Honor? Then we have a problem with **PARITY**.

¶113. COURT might say: I don't think there is a problem. You pay in CURRENT MONEY \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$.

¶114. The Accused: I don't mind paying, I'm **NOT REFUSING** TO PAY. But you said, \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$, and *Lawful Money of Account for the de jure states is **GOLD AND SILVER DOLLARS** according to the 1792 Coinage specifications.*

*Two Things **Cannot** Be The Same Thing.*

**#2 - If the Court Answers:  
GOLD AND SILVER DOLLARS.**

¶115. COURT might say: "You can pay in GOLD AND SILVER DOLLARS... Here are your choices... You can pay it in gold or silver... If you have gold or silver coins, we'll take those."

¶116. The Accused: "At FACE VALUE? That would be an issue of **UNJUST ENRICHMENT**."

¶117. COURT might say: "The clerk of the court will accept payment in any kind of tender you want. *How would you like to pay?*"

¶118. The Accused: "If the Accused is found guilty, I WILL pay in JUST WEIGHTS and MEASURES according to the 1792 Coinage Act specifications because that is the only money of account."

**Question #2 -  
How Many \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$ Does  
It Take To Buy One Silver Dollar?**

¶119. COURT might say: "We'll take them at any value you want. You go get someone to tell me what gold and silver is worth an ounce on the market, world market, we'll do it."

¶120. The Accused: “Will the court accept the Federal Reserve Banks exchange rate? I called today and Silver Dollars are (31.95) to (1).”

¶121. COURT might say: “What’s (31.95) to (1)?”

¶122. The Accused: “The PARITY VALUE, basically, for Federal Reserve note \$\$\$ \$\$\$\$ is how much paper \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$ has been issued beyond what the actual “face value” of SILVER DOLLARS.”

¶123. COURT might say: “I want you to buy gold or silver in the amount of the fine, and then bring the gold and silver with the receipt in payment of your fine and costs. We’ll take that. You can pay it in any kind of money you want. If you want to pay in gold or silver, you can pay it in silver. The Court doesn’t care about that.”

**The “Buying Site Rate On The Day of Tender”  
Determines PARITY.**

¶124. The Accused: “According to the 1792 Coinage Act specifications Gold and Silver Dollars, which are money of account, was and is now being minted pursuant to Act of Congress, **United States Code Title 31 Money and Finance. §5112**, and **Public Law 101-585**, and which has a ‘numismatic value’ plus the cost of minting (premium), and under the provisions of **Arizona Revised Statutes**, is to be accepted at the ‘**buying site rate on the day of tender.**’”

**Problem #1  
Lawful Money Is Also A Scriptural Common Law Question.**

¶125. As a FREE AND INDEPENDENT MAN I follow the Coinage Act of 1792 specification, which are just weights and measures for the money of account. The United States **Federal Public Law 101-209, 96-1211** and **Public Law 97-280**, say, “I study, apply, teach the scriptures, and the common law. Scriptural Statute instructs me in:

1       **Leviticus 19:35-37** *“Ye shall not act perversely in giving judgment, in*  
2 *measures of extent, in weights, in measures of capacity: Just balances, just*  
3 *weights, a just ephah, and a just hin shall ye have, I YAHWEH, am your*  
4 *Mighty One, who brought you forth out of the land of Egypt. Therefore shall*  
5 *ye observe all My statutes and all My regulations and do them, I am*  
6 *YAHWEH.”*

7       ¶126. This is a Federal question. The Accused is exercising Religious Free Exercise,  
8 which has been upheld in *United States verses Seeger*, 380 US 163 (1965).

9  
10                   **Lawful Money Is Also A Federal Question.**

11       ¶127. The question of Lawful Money is a Federal Question under the Coinage Act of  
12 1792, **under United States Code Title 31, Money and Finance. §314.**

13                   *“The dollar of nine-tenths fine consisting of the weight determined under 31*  
14 *United States Code, §321 shall be the standard unit of value on all forms of*  
15 *money, issued or coined, shall be maintained at a parity of value with this*  
16 *standard.”*

17       ¶128. These are questions of Federal Law under the United States Constitution’s  
18 Supremacy Clause **Article VI of the United States Constitution**, which says:

19                   *“This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made*  
20 *in pursuance thereof; and all treaties made, or which shall be made,*  
21 *under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the*  
22 *land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, any thing in the*  
23 *constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.”* **Article**  
24 **VI clause two.**

25                   **The Accused DEMANDS A JUDICIAL DETERMINATION -**  
26 **That “I Might Pay The Fine In Lawful Money of Account”**

27       ¶129. The Accused: **DEMANDS** a judicial determination under **United States Code**  
28

1       **Title 31 Money and Finance, §314 and Leviticus 19:35-37.**

2  
3               *“that I can pay this fine in **LAWFUL MONEY OF ACCOUNT** without*  
4               *being induced into **COMMITTING A FEDERAL OR SCRIPTURAL***  
5               ***COMMON LAW CRIME** or induced into violation of the 8th Amendment,*  
6               *which prohibits excessive fines.”*

7                               **The Accused Is Bound To Obey Higher Laws.**

8       **¶130.** The Accused: is **NOT** bound to obey an unconstitutional law, so says **16**  
9       **American Jurisprudence 2<sup>nd</sup>, Section 177 late 2<sup>nd</sup>, Section 256** at:

10               *“No one is bound to obey an unconstitutional law and no courts are bound*  
11               *to enforce it.”*

12                               **Economic Overthrow**

13       **¶131.** The Accused: “If the Accused has to discharge debts with Federal Reserve note  
14       \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$, bills of credit, and debased coinage, the debased coinage is a  
15       **FELONY**. What we have here is an **ECONOMIC OVERTHROW**, which is an act of  
16       **SEDITION**.”

17       **¶132.** COURT might say: “Well, it could be, but we only have one system here, and  
18       that’s the system we’re going to use. I’ll give you an **OPTION**. You can pay in gold  
19       and silver if you want. You can pay in American dollars \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$, you can pay in  
20       any other foreign currency. So, I don’t care what kind of funds you pay it in.”

21       **¶133.** The Accused: “Congress was delegated the Power and Authority to  
22       regulate/maintain the true inherent “value” of the **MONEY OF ACCOUNT COINAGE**  
23       within the scope and purview of **Article I, Section 8, Clauses 5 & 6, and Articles I,**  
24       **Section 10, Clause 1, of the ordained Constitution (1787).** Further, is under a  
25       corresponding duty and obligation to maintain said gold and silver Coinage according  
26       to the 1792 Coinage Act specifications, and Foreign Coin, at within the necessary and  
27  
28



proper 'equal weights and measures' clauses." (See also: The Scriptures, Deuteronomy 25:13-16; Public Law 97-280, 96 Statute 1211).

**“Bills of Credit” \$\$\$\$\$\$  
Are Not “MONEY OF ACCOUNT “Dollars”.**

¶134. The insane delusion and illicit prevarication of Fact and Law that the unlawfully substituted paper Federal Reserve IMF notes \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$, which are “Bills of Credit”, called a “Dollars”, or representative of the money of account; it’s not even worthy of consideration. In essence, the de jure republican “State of Arizona” has been overthrown because of the use of those IMF “Bills of Credit”! It is and has been done by those who supposedly are officers of the de jure republican “State of Arizona”.

**The Accused Has A DUTY To Choose...**

¶135. This Accused has a DUTY to practice all 759 statutes, commandments and judgments of the scriptural common law. The congress of the US has said indeed I should do that. So in compliance with both the wishes of The Congress, and Our Creator The Almighty; I’m diligently doing just that.

¶136. The Courts’ ruling is in opposition to the plain intent of Congress, the plain intent of Our Creator, which forces me then to make a choice between obeying Our Creator and keeping His commandments, and following the Congress of the U.S., or following this courts order to pay the fine in PAPER MONEY Federal Reserve IMF note \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$.

¶137. In this case, the Accused chooses the Law of the Land that is the Constitution For the United States of America and Creator’s Common Law. It’s my position that this court’s authority *MUST BE* subordinate to the supremacy of higher authority.

¶138. The de facto “STATE OF ARIZONA™”, which is no longer a government according to the Law of Nations, is the proximate cause of it’s own injuries because it

1 has not made a remedy for those practicing scriptural common law, which it could  
2 easily do with either: 1) Accepting Lawful Money of Account at Parity, or 2) letting  
3 the Accused's testimony of "yes", I will pay stand instead of requiring me to contract  
4 with the de facto "STATE OF ARIZONA™" in a state of incorporation **UNDER**  
5 **THREAT, DURESS AND CORROSION** in violation of my firmly held religious  
6 convictions. I just found out and it's now my truly and sincerely held convictions  
7 that the First Commandment in scripture prohibits me from making a contract with  
8 the state or this court.

9  
10 *"Thou shalt not have other deities besides Me. Exodus 20:3*

11  
12 **What's the Real Issue**  
13 **Before this Court?**

14 ¶139. **Judge John Napper** for the record, isn't it a fact that this Court has no  
15 jurisdiction because it CANNOT EFFECT A REMEDY? Arizona Code recognizes  
16 MONEY, MONEY OF ACCOUNT OF THE UNITED STATES IN DOLLARS  
17 according to the 1792 Coinage Acts specification for just weights and measures. As  
18 the Accused sees it, the Court must administer fines in money of account dollars of  
19 United States Coin, and not IMF obligations \$\$\$\$ of Federal Reserve notes.

20 **THE ACCUSED'S SUMMARY**

21 **I've Appeared Specially, Not Generally.**

22 **I've OBJECTED TIMELY.**

23  
24 **I've Demanded All My Rights,**  
25 **Given By Our Creator, AT ALL TIMES, and**  
26 **NEVER WAIVED THEM.**

27 **The Accused Has Challenged the Venue Jurisdiction, The Jurisdiction of the**  
28

1           **Court, the Jurisdiction of the Judge, and the Qualification of the Prosecutor.**

2           ¶140. The Accused alleges that this Court has **ASSUMED JURISDICTION**;  
3 therefore, a SUBSTANTIAL RIGHT has been VIOLATED again. Pursuant to  
4 *Arbesider verses Hanlin, Giddean verses Wainright, Bergis verses Texas, and*  
5 *Chandler verses Freetag*. At this time, the Accused **DEMANDS** SUSPENSION OF  
6 THE SENTENCING HEARING pending a SUIT on the issue of Counsel, Lack of  
7 Jurisdiction, Conspiracy, Intent to Overthrow the Government using threat, duress  
8 and coercion, as well as FRAUD. The Accused intends to file suit in the Federal  
9 District Court.

10          ¶141. The Accused has PROTESTED the **JURISDICTION OF THE COURT**, and  
11 I've DECLARED ON THE RECORD before witnesses that I'm a free and  
12 independent inhabitant, a flesh and blood man under the common law, **NOT** allowed  
13 by the LAW OF THE CREATOR to contract with the de facto STATE OF  
14 ARIZONA, which has overthrown the de jure republican "State of Arizona".

15          ¶142. The Accused alleges that this Court has no Jurisdiction because it **CANNOT**  
16 **EFFECT A REMEDY**.

17          ¶143. The Accused alleges that the **COUNSEL ISSUE** must be decided in the  
18 Administrative and Procedural Matters prior to the Sentencing Hearing by Judge  
19 **John Napper**, and is now a closed subject. If the Accused is denied the inalienable  
20 perfect right to defend myself with unfettered, with unlicensed counsel, then the  
21 Sentencing Hearing should be postponed.

22          ¶144. The Accused alleges it is now the Accused's position that THIS CASE MUST  
23 BE MOVED INTO FEDERAL SUIT before the Accused can be **FORCED** forward  
24 into Sentencing without Counsel of my Choice.

25          ¶145. The Accused alleges that the Court, at Sentencing Hearing by John Napper, on  
26 its own volition MUST NOT DENY THE ACCUSED "COUNSEL of my choice", so  
27  
28

1 therefore, *Arersinger verses Hamlin Sheriff* comes into play, and the Court has  
2 precluded the possibility that it can now incarcerate me.

3 ¶146. The Accused alleges that there is one last thing. If **Judge John Napper**  
4 PROCEEDS OVER THE ACCUSED OBJECTIONS, AGAINST MY WILL, and  
5 DENIES MY INALIENABLE PERFECT RIGHTS, secured by the Declaration of  
6 Independence, by the Article of Confederations, or the de jure Constitution of both  
7 the de jure State and de jure Federal Constitutions, we're into the realm of  
8 **DEPRIVATION OF RIGHTS**, which comes under **FEDERAL STATUTES**  
9 **TITLE 42, SECTION 1983**.

10  
11  
12  
13 **The Accused Is Ready For SUIT**  
14 **If The Accused's Administrative And Procedural Matters**  
15 **Are NOT Answered!**

16 ¶147. If the Accused DOES NOT get the answers to these questions, before  
17 Sentencing Hearing, I'll be ready to move forward with SUIT.

18 ¶148. Notice is hereby given that Michael Willis Chase is not the Accused  
19 "PERSON™" MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™; therefore, Michael Willis Chase will  
20 appear pro se with Counsel of his Choice, pursuant to the Supreme Court's decisions  
21 as they are already settled in the following cases:  
22  
23

24 *Gideon verses Wainright*, 372 US 335;

25 *Burgett verses Texas*, 389 US 109, (1967);  
26  
27  
28

1 *NAACP verses Button*, 371 US 414, 83 S.Ct. 328;

2 *United Mine Workers of America verses Illinois State Bar Association*, 88 S.Ct.  
3 353, (1967);

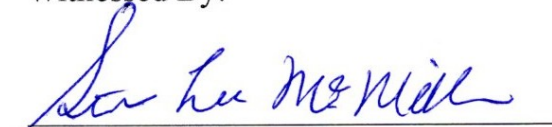
4 *Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen verses Virginia State Bar*, 377 US 1, 84 S.Ct.  
5 1113, REh DEn 377 US 960; 845 Ct. 1625.

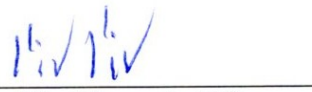
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7  
8 Dated this 25th day of October, 2021.

9  

10 \_\_\_\_\_ Seal  
11 Michael Willis Chase of the Chase Family,  
12 Pro Se, Principal Creditor for  
13 **MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™**, which  
14 is a Corporate Identity, a Legal Fiction in  
15 all uppercase, a decedent. All rights reserved.

16 Witnessed By:

17   
18 Steven Lee McMillan - As Witness

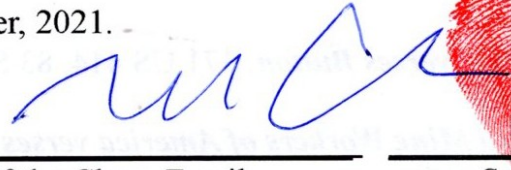

19   
20 I'iv I'iv - As Witness

21 "...at the mouth of two witnesses, or at the mouth of three witnesses, shall the matter  
22 be established." **Deuteronomy 19:15.**

23 **Certificate of Service.**

24 I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that I did hand deliver a true and correct copy of  
25 the foregoing document, **Michael Willis Chase's Demand for Administrative and**  
26 **Procedural Matters Questions**, on this 25th day of October, 2021 to the YAVAPAI  
27 COUNTY COURT CLERK and the YAVAPAI COUNTY PROSECUTOR, Glen M.  
28 Asay, on behalf of the Plaintiff located at *Yavapai County Attorney Office, 255 East Gurley Street, Prescott, AZ 86301.*

1  
2 Dated this 25th day of October, 2021. -

3  
4  

5 Michael Willis Chase of the Chase Family,  
6 Pro Se, Principal Creditor for  
7 **MICHAEL WILLIS CHASE™**, which  
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